

# National Transportation Safety Board Aviation Accident Final Report

Location: Kodiak, AK Accident Number: ANC04LA113

Date & Time: 09/23/2004, 1100 AKD Registration: N6522T

Aircraft: Britten-Norman BN-2A Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 Serious, 2 Minor, 3

None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 135: Air Taxi & Commuter - Non-scheduled

### **Analysis**

The commercial certificated pilot, with six passengers, was departing from a remote beach in a twin-engine airplane on an on-demand air taxi flight. The beach was oriented north/south, and was utilized by airplanes transporting guests to and from a remote wilderness lodge. Weather conditions at the beach were reported to air taxi operators via satellite phone. The pilot reported that as he was departing toward the north, the wind was from the west about 30 knots, with gusts to 50 knots. About 20 feet agl, a strong gust of wind, or a downdraft, hit the airplane. The airplane descended and the left wing collided with the beach, which spun the airplane 180 degrees. The airplane came to rest in about 2 1/2 feet of water.

## **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The pilot's inadequate compensation for wind conditions, and his intentional flight into adverse weather conditions, which resulted in a loss of control and collision with terrain during takeoff-initial climb. Factors contributing to the accident were high and gusty wind conditions, and the pilot's inadequate preflight planning.

#### **Findings**

Occurrence #1: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT Phase of Operation: TAKEOFF - INITIAL CLIMB

#### **Findings**

- 1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION GUSTS
- 2. (C) COMPENSATION FOR WIND CONDITIONS INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND
- 3. (F) WEATHER CONDITION HIGH WIND
- 4. (C) FLIGHT INTO ADVERSE WEATHER INTENTIONAL PILOT IN COMMAND
- 5. (F) PREFLIGHT PLANNING/PREPARATION INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND

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Occurrence #2: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: DESCENT - UNCONTROLLED

#### **Findings**

6. TERRAIN CONDITION - SAND BAR

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#### **Factual Information**

On September 23, 2004, about 1100 Alaska daylight time, a Britten-Norman BN-2A airplane, N6522T, sustained substantial damage when it collided with terrain during takeoff initial climb from a remote beach area near Hallo Bay, Alaska, about 65 miles northwest of Kodiak, Alaska. The airplane was being operated as a visual flight rules (VFR) cross-country air taxi flight under Title 14, CFR Part 135, when the accident occurred. The airplane was operated by Homer Air Inc., Homer, Alaska. The commercial certificated pilot and one passenger received minor injuries; two passengers received serious injuries, and the remaining three passengers were not injured. Visual meteorological conditions prevailed, and a VFR flight plan was filed to Homer. The flight originated from a beach area located along the Alaska Peninsula, about 100 miles southwest of Homer.

During a telephone conversation with the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) investigator-in-charge (IIC), on September 23, the director of operations for the operator reported that the twin-engine airplane was departing Hallo Bay, Alaska, where a remote wilderness lodge is located. The takeoff area on the beach is oriented north/south. The director of operations said that the pilot began the takeoff with gusty wind conditions blowing about 20 knots from the west. He said that the airplane encountered windshear and descended to the beach, and came to rest partially in the ocean tidal area. The right wing was torn off the airplane, and the fuselage was torn open. The director of operations indicated that Hallo Bay Wilderness Lodge personnel provide weather reports via satellite phone for the landing/takeoff area.

In the Pilot/Operator Accident Report, (NTSB Form 6120.1) submitted by the pilot, the pilot reported that when he departed Homer about 0930, the wind as reported by lodge personnel was from the west about 20 knots. When he arrived at the lodge about 1040, the wind was from the west about 30 knots, with gusts to 50 knots. As he was departing from the beach, the pilot indicated that about 20 feet agl, a strong gust of wind, or a downdraft, hit the airplane. The airplane descended and the left wing collided with the beach, which spun the airplane 180 degrees. The pilot said the airplane came to rest in about 2 1/2 feet of water.

Search and rescue personnel from the U.S. Coast Guard Air Station, Kodiak, responded to the accident site, and transported all of the occupants to the hospital in Kodiak.

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### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Flight Instructor; Commercial	Age:	32, Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land; Single-engine Sea	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Seatbelt
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	Airplane Single-engine	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Valid Medicalno waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	05/04/2004
Occupational Pilot:		Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	
Flight Time:	4500 hours (Total, all aircraft), 300 hours (Total, this make and model), 4450 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 350 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 110 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 6 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

# Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Britten-Norman	Registration:	N6522T
Model/Series:	BN-2A	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	No
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	136
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	10
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	09/10/2004, 100 Hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	6200 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	9 Hours	Engines:	2 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	16473 Hours as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	O-540-4C5
Registered Owner:	Homer Air Inc.	Rated Power:	260 hp
Operator:	Homer Air Inc.	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand Air Taxi (135)
Operator Does Business As:		Operator Designator Code:	ENEC

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual Conditions	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:		Distance from Accident Site:	
Observation Time:		Direction from Accident Site:	
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	40 Miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	30 knots / 50 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	260°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	7°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	Kodiak, AK	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	VFR
Destination:	Homer, AK (PAHO)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	1100 ADT	Type of Airspace:	Class G

## Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 Minor	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	2 Serious, 1 Minor, 3 None	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 Serious, 2 Minor, 3 None	Latitude, Longitude:	58.566667, -153.916667

### Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Scott Erickson	Report Date:	06/08/2005
Additional Participating Persons:	Boyd Waltman; FAA-AL-ANC FSDO 03; Anchora	age, AK	
Publish Date:			
Investigation Docket:	NTSB accident and incident dockets serve as permanent archival information for the NTSB's investigations. Dockets released prior to June 1, 2009 are publicly available from the NTSB's Record Management Division at <a href="mailto:publinq@ntsb.gov">publinq@ntsb.gov</a> , or at 800-877-6799. Dockets released after this date are available at <a href="http://dms.ntsb.gov/pubdms/">http://dms.ntsb.gov/pubdms/</a> .		

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The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

The Independent Safety Board Act, as codified at 49 U.S.C. Section 1154(b), precludes the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an incident or accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report. A factual report that may be admissible under 49 U.S.C. § 1154(b) is available here.

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