

National Transportation Safety Board Aviation Accident Final Report

Location: NEW STUYAHOK, AK Accident Number: ANC96LA115

Date & Time: 08/02/1996, 1100 AKD Registration: N800NC

Aircraft: de Havilland DHC-4 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: 2 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 135: Air Taxi & Commuter - Non-scheduled

Analysis

The airplane's nosegear collapsed during a landing roll on a gravel airstrip. Subsequent examination of the nosegear locking mechanism disclosed a failed hydraulic drag strut locking actuator.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The collapse of the nosegear precipitated by the failure of the hydraulic nosegear drag strut locking actuator.

Findings

Occurrence #1: NOSE GEAR COLLAPSED Phase of Operation: LANDING - ROLL

Findings

- 1. LANDING GEAR, NOSE GEAR UNLOCKED
- 2. LANDING GEAR, NOSE GEAR COLLAPSED
- 3. (C) HYDRAULIC SYSTEM, ACTUATOR FAILURE

Factual Information

On August 2, 1996, about 1100 Alaska daylight time, a deHavilland DHC-4 airplane, N800NC, registered to and operated by Greatland Air Cargo, sustained substantial damage while landing at the New Stuyahok airstrip, New Stuyahok, Alaska. The commercial certificated captain and first officer were not injured. The 14 CFR Part 135 cargo flight operated in visual meteorological conditions.

During a telephone interview with the NTSB investigator-in-charge on August 5, the captain related that during the landing roll at New Stuyahok, the nose gear suddenly collapsed. The captain said the landing was normal and uneventful until the nosegear collapsed. He also said that the green, gear down and locked light, was appropriately illuminated, and that he was uncertain why the nosegear collapsed.

The airplane was returned to its maintenance base and repaired. According to the pilot, the nose gear hydraulic drag strut actuator malfunctioned, and failed to remain in the down locked position. He said the part was changed, and the nosegear operated properly. He also indicated that the drag strut actuator service life is "on condition." The failed part, part number 5460-3, had approximately 1400 service hours at the time of failure. The pilot, who is also a certificated aviation mechanic, believes that additional inspections of the drag strut and associated hoses are warranted.

Pilot Information

Thoc information			
Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	49, Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Multi-engine Land; Multi-engine Sea; Single-engine Land; Single- engine Sea	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Seatbelt, Shoulder harness
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	Yes
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 2 Valid Medicalw/waivers/lim.	Last FAA Medical Exam:	02/14/1996
Occupational Pilot:	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:		
Flight Time:	15670 hours (Total, all aircraft), 850 hours (Total, this make and model), 15670 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 334 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 108 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 3 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft)		

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	de Havilland	Registration:	N800NC
Model/Series:	DHC-4 DHC-4	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:		Amateur Built:	No
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	98
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	3
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	08/01/1996, AAIP	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	28500 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:	3 Hours	Engines:	2 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	14638 Hours	Engine Manufacturer:	P&W
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	R2000-7M2
Registered Owner:	GREATLAND AIR CARGO	Rated Power:	1450 hp
Operator:	GREATLAND AIR CARGO	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	On-demand Air Taxi (135)

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual Conditions	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	, 0 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	0000	Direction from Accident Site:	0°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Unknown / 0 ft agl	Visibility	20 Miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 1000 ft agl	Visibility (RVR):	0 ft
Wind Speed/Gusts:	10 knots /	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	190°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:		Temperature/Dew Point:	16°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:			
Departure Point:	ANCHORAGE, AK (ANC)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	Company VFR
Destination:	(KNW)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	0000	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	NEW STUYAHOK (KNW)	Runway Surface Type:	Gravel
Airport Elevation:	279 ft	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	0	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	1800 ft / 70 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full Stop; Traffic Pattern

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Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	2 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	2 None	Latitude, Longitude:	

Administrative Information

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	JAMES D LABELLE	Report Date:	02/18/1997
Additional Participating Persons:	P.K. WILLIS; ANCHORAGE, AK		
Publish Date:			
Investigation Docket:	NTSB accident and incident dockets serve as permanent archival information for the NTSB's investigations. Dockets released prior to June 1, 2009 are publicly available from the NTSB's Record Management Division at publing@ntsb.gov , or at 800-877-6799. Dockets released after this date are available at http://dms.ntsb.gov/pubdms/ .		

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

The Independent Safety Board Act, as codified at 49 U.S.C. Section 1154(b), precludes the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an incident or accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report. A factual report that may be admissible under 49 U.S.C. § 1154(b) is available here.

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