

National Transportation Safety Board Aviation Accident Final Report

Location: TRUCKEE, CA Accident Number: LAX98LA114

Date & Time: 03/13/1998, 1900 PST Registration: N345RD

Aircraft: Socata TBM 700 Aircraft Damage: Destroyed

Defining Event: Injuries: 4 Minor

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General Aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot was cleared for a GPS approach. He stated that he was too high to make a good landing, so he opted for a circling approach to another runway. As he turned for the base leg, he lost visual contact and became disoriented. It was a dark night with no moon. The pilot realized that he was in a 70- to 80-degree left bank and returned the airplane to a level attitude, then noticed the ground directly in front of him. The aircraft ran through a barbed wire fence, collided with trees, and slid rearward to a stop in a high altitude meadow east of the airport. The FAA completed an evaluation of the circling approach procedures and night operations for that airport and did not find any problems.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be: The failure of the pilot to maintain control of the aircraft due to spatial disorientation. A factor was the dark night.

Findings

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: CIRCLING (IFR)

Findings

1. (F) LIGHT CONDITION - DARK NIGHT

2. (C) AIRCRAFT CONTROL - NOT MAINTAINED - PILOT IN COMMAND

3. (F) SPATIAL DISORIENTATION - PILOT IN COMMAND

Factual Information

On March 13, 1998, about 1900 hours Pacific standard time, a Socata TBM 700, N345RD, collided with terrain about 0.5 miles east of the Truckee, California, airport. The airplane was destroyed, and the commercial pilot and three passengers received minor injuries. The airplane was being operated as a personal flight by the pilot/owner. The flight originated from Gnoss Field in Novota, California, at 1800. Night visual meteorological conditions prevailed at the time and an IFR flight plan was filed.

The Truckee Airport was reporting visual meteorological conditions with 10 miles visibility and a 1,700-foot agl overcast ceiling. The pilot was cleared by Oakland Center Approach Control for a Global Positioning System (GPS) approach to runway 19. He reported that there was a bluff near runway 19 with housing on it, which made him uncomfortable, so he delayed his descent to the minimum descent altitude (MDA). When he did descend, he felt that he was too high too make a good landing on the runway so he opted instead to perform a circling approach to runway 28. The pilot stated that as he initiated a left turn for the base leg of runway 28, he became preoccupied with maintaining visual contact with the airport. It was a dark night with no moon. The pilot reported that he soon lost visual contact and became disoriented. The attitude indicator showed the aircraft to be in a 70- to 80-degree left bank.

As the pilot returned the airplane to a straight and level attitude, he noticed the ground directly in front of him. The aircraft ran through a barbed wire fence, collided with trees, and slid rearward to a stop in a high altitude meadow east of the airport.

The Federal Aviation Administration Flight Inspection Field Office in Sacramento, California, conducted an evaluation of the GPS approach for runway 19 with circle to land minimums at night for all categories, the elevation differential around the airport, and overall night operations at the Truckee Airport. They reported that they did not find any problems with the approach.

Pilot Information

| Certificate: | Commercial | Age: | 65, Male |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Airplane Rating(s): | Multi-engine Land; Single-engine Land; Single-engine Sea | Seat Occupied: | Left |
| Other Aircraft Rating(s): | None | Restraint Used: | Seatbelt, Shoulder harness |
| Instrument Rating(s): | Airplane | Second Pilot Present: | No |
| Instructor Rating(s): | None | Toxicology Performed: | No |
| Medical Certification: | Class 3 Valid Medicalw/waivers/lim. | Last FAA Medical Exam: | 11/01/1996 |
| Occupational Pilot: | | Last Flight Review or Equivalent: | |
| Flight Time: | 2088 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1200 hours (Total, this make and model), 1940 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 75 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 21 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft), 1 hours (Last 24 hours, all aircraft) | | |

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Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

| Aircraft Make: | Socata | Registration: | N345RD |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Model/Series: | TBM 700 TBM 700 | Aircraft Category: | Airplane |
| Year of Manufacture: | | Amateur Built: | No |
| Airworthiness Certificate: | Normal | Serial Number: | 76 |
| Landing Gear Type: | Retractable - Tricycle | Seats: | 6 |
| Date/Type of Last Inspection: | 03/09/1998, Annual | Certified Max Gross Wt.: | 6579 lbs |
| Time Since Last Inspection: | 4 Hours | Engines: | 1 Turbo Prop |
| Airframe Total Time: | 1119 Hours | Engine Manufacturer: | P&W |
| ELT: | Installed, activated, did not aid in locating accident | Engine Model/Series: | PT6A-64 |
| Registered Owner: | DOLBY, RAY M. | Rated Power: | 700 hp |
| Operator: | DOLBY, RAY M. | Operating Certificate(s) Held: | None |

Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

| Conditions at Accident Site: | Visual Conditions | Condition of Light: | Night/Dark |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Observation Facility, Elevation: | TRK, 5900 ft msl | Distance from Accident Site: | 0 Nautical Miles |
| Observation Time: | 1850 PST | Direction from Accident Site: | 0° |
| Lowest Cloud Condition: | Unknown / 0 ft agl | Visibility | 10 Miles |
| Lowest Ceiling: | Overcast / 1700 ft agl | Visibility (RVR): | 0 ft |
| Wind Speed/Gusts: | 3 knots / | Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual: | / |
| Wind Direction: | 10° | Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual: | / |
| Altimeter Setting: | 30 inches Hg | Temperature/Dew Point: | 2°C / 1°C |
| Precipitation and Obscuration: | | | |
| Departure Point: | NOVATO, CA (O56) | Type of Flight Plan Filed: | IFR |
| Destination: | (TRK) | Type of Clearance: | IFR |
| Departure Time: | 1800 PST | Type of Airspace: | Class E |
| | | | |

Airport Information

| Airport: | TRUCKEE-TAHOE (TRK) | Runway Surface Type: | Asphalt |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Airport Elevation: | 5900 ft | Runway Surface Condition: | Dry |
| Runway Used: | 19 | IFR Approach: | Circling |
| Runway Length/Width: | 4650 ft / 75 ft | VFR Approach/Landing: | |

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Wreckage and Impact Information

| Crew Injuries: | 1 Minor | Aircraft Damage: | Destroyed |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|
| Passenger Injuries: | 3 Minor | Aircraft Fire: | None |
| Ground Injuries: | N/A | Aircraft Explosion: | None |
| Total Injuries: | 4 Minor | Latitude, Longitude: | |

Administrative Information

| Investigator In Charge (IIC): | THOMAS H WILCOX | Report Date: | 08/03/1999 |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Additional Participating Persons: | ROBERT C WAGNER; RENO, NV | | |
| Publish Date: | | | |
| Investigation Docket: | NTSB accident and incident dockets serve investigations. Dockets released prior to a Record Management Division at publing@rthis.date.are available at http://dms.ntsl | June 1, 2009 are public utsb.gov , or at 800-877- | ly available from the NTSB's |

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

The Independent Safety Board Act, as codified at 49 U.S.C. Section 1154(b), precludes the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an incident or accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report. A factual report that may be admissible under 49 U.S.C. § 1154(b) is available here.

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